HEICO CORPORATION
FINANCE/AUDIT COMMITTEE CHARTER

COMMITTEE'S PURPOSE

The Finance/Audit Committee (the “Committee”) of HEICO Corporation (the “Company”) is appointed by the Board of Directors (the “Board”) to assist the Board in monitoring (1) the quality and integrity of the financial statements of the Company, (2) compliance by the Company with legal and regulatory requirements, (3) the independent auditor's qualifications and independence, (4) performance of the Company's internal audit function and independent auditors, (5) the business practices and ethical standards of the Company and (6) the financial affairs of the Company. The Committee shall also serve as the Qualified Legal Compliance Committee (see separate Charter). The Committee is also directly responsible for (a) the appointment, compensation, retention and oversight of the work of the Company's independent auditors, and (b) the preparation of the report that the Securities and Exchange Commission (the “Commission”) requires to be included in the Company's annual proxy statement. While the Committee has the responsibilities and powers set forth in this Charter, it is not the duty of the Committee to plan or conduct audits or to determine that the Company's financial statements and disclosures are presented fairly in all material respects in accordance with generally accepted accounting principles. These are the responsibility of management and the independent auditor.

COMMITTEE MEMBERSHIP

Independence. The Committee shall consist of three or more members of the Board of Directors, each of whom shall be independent. Independence shall be determined as to each member by the full Board. To be considered independent, each Committee member must meet the independence requirements of the New York Stock Exchange (“NYSE”), the Sarbanes-Oxley Act of 2002 (“SOX”) and the rules and regulations of the Commission. Committee members shall not simultaneously serve on the audit committees of more than two other public companies.

Financial Literacy. All members of the Committee shall be financially literate, as defined by the Commission, or must become financially literate within a reasonable period of time after their appointment to the Committee, and at least one member of the Committee shall be an audit committee financial expert, as determined in the judgment of the Board with reference to applicable law and NYSE rules.

COMMITTEE COMPOSITION

The members of the Committee shall be nominated by the Nominating and Corporate Governance Committee and elected by the Board at the annual organizational meeting of the Board and shall serve until their successors shall be duly elected and qualified.

Chairman. Unless a Chairman is elected by the full Board, the members of the Committee shall designate a Chair by majority vote of all the Committee members.

MEETINGS

The Committee shall meet at least four times annually or more frequently as circumstances dictate. Meetings may be in person or by telephone as needed to conduct the business of the Committee. The Committee may take action by the unanimous written consent of the members in the absence of a meeting. The Committee shall meet periodically with management, the internal auditors and the independent auditor in separate executive sessions.
AUTHORITY AND RESPONSIBILITY OF THE COMMITTEE

The Committee shall have the authority (1) to exercise all powers with respect to the appointment, compensation, retention and oversight of the work of the independent auditor for the Company and its subsidiaries, (2) to retain special legal, accounting or other consultants to advise the Committee and to pay the fees of such advisors and (3) to determine the amount of funds it needs to operate and direct the CFO to make such funds available. As part of its oversight role, the Committee may investigate any matter brought to its attention, with the full power to retain outside counsel or other experts for this purpose. The Committee may request any officer or employee of the Company or the Company's outside counsel or independent auditor to attend a meeting of the Committee or to meet with any member of, or consultant to, the Committee. Without limiting the generality of the foregoing, the Committee shall:

Financial Statement and Disclosure Matters

1. Review and discuss prior to public dissemination the annual audited and quarterly unaudited financial statements with management and the independent auditor, including major issues regarding accounting, disclosure and auditing procedures and practices as well as the adequacy of internal controls that could materially affect the Company's financial statements. In addition, the review and discussion shall include the Company's disclosures under “Management's Discussion and Analysis of Financial Condition and Results of Operations.” Based on the annual review, the Committee shall recommend inclusion of the audited financial statements in the Company’s Annual Report on Form 10-K to the Board.

2. Discuss with management and the independent auditor significant financial reporting issues and judgments made in connection with the preparation of the Company's financial statements, including any significant changes in the Company's selection or application of accounting principles, any major issues as to the adequacy of the Company's internal controls and any special audit steps adopted in light of material control deficiencies.

3. Review and discuss reports from the independent auditors on:
   A. All critical accounting policies and practices to be used.
   B. All alternative treatments of financial information within generally accepted accounting principles that have been discussed with management, ramification of the use of such alternative disclosures and treatments, and the treatment preferred by the independent auditor.
   C. Other material written communications between the independent auditor and management, such as any management letter.

4. Discuss with management the Company's earnings press releases as well as financial information and earnings guidance provided to analysts and rating agencies. Such discussion may be done generally consisting of discussing the types of information to be disclosed and the types of presentations to be made.

5. Discuss with management and the independent auditor the effect on the Company's financial statements of regulatory and accounting initiatives as well as off-balance sheet structures.

6. Discuss with management the Company's major financial risk exposures and the steps management has taken to monitor and control such exposures, including the Company's risk assessment and risk management guidelines and policies.
7. Review with the independent auditors any audit problems or difficulties and management's response, including, but not limited to (1) any restrictions on the scope of the auditor's activities, (2) any restriction on the access of the independent auditors to requested materials, (3) any significant disagreements with management, (4) any audit differences that were noted or proposed by the auditor but for which the Company's financial statements were not adjusted (as immaterial or otherwise), (5) any significant auditing or accounting matters the audit engagement team consulted outside the engagement team and that the auditor reasonably determined to be relevant to the Committee’s oversight of the financial reporting process, and (6) any management or internal control letter issued, or proposed to be issued, by the audit firm to the Company. The Committee will resolve any disagreements between the auditors and management regarding financial reporting.

8. Review disclosures made to the Committee by the Company's CEO and CFO during their certification process for the Form 10-K and Form 10-Q about any significant deficiencies in the design or operation of disclosure controls and procedures and any fraud involving management or other employees who have a significant role in the Company's internal controls.

9. Discuss with the independent auditors those matters required to be discussed by any Public Company Accounting Oversight Board (“PCAOB”) Standards.

10. Prepare the Committee report that the Commission requires to be included in the Company's annual proxy statement and review the matters described in such report.

11. Obtain quarterly assurances from the senior internal auditing executive and management that the system of internal controls is adequate and effective.

Responsibility or the Company's Relationship with the Independent Auditors

12. Be solely responsible for the appointment, compensation, retention and oversight of the work of the independent auditors employed by the Company. The independent auditor shall report directly to the Committee. If the appointment of the independent auditors is submitted for any ratification by stockholders, the Committee shall be responsible for making the recommendation of the independent auditors.

13. Review, at least annually, the qualifications, performance and independence of the independent auditor. In conducting such review, the Committee shall obtain and review a report by the independent auditor describing (1) the firm's internal quality-control procedures, (2) any material issues raised by the most recent internal quality-control review, or peer review, of the firm or by any inquiry or investigation by governmental or professional authorities in the past five years regarding one or more independent audits carried out by the firm and any steps taken to deal with any such issues, and (3) all relationships between the independent auditor and the Company that could be considered to bear on the auditor's independence. In making its evaluation, the Committee should also take into account the opinions of management and the Company’s internal auditors. This evaluation shall include the review and evaluation of the lead partner of the independent auditor and shall ensure the regular rotation of partners in accordance with Commission rules and the securities laws, and consider steps necessary or appropriate to ensure continuing auditor independence. In addition, the Committee shall further consider whether, in order to assure continuing auditor independence, there should be regular rotation of the audit firm itself.

15. Approve in advance any audit or permissible non-audit engagement or relationship between the Company and the independent auditors. The Committee shall establish guidelines for the retention of the independent auditor for any permissible non-audit services. The Committee hereby delegates to the Chairman of the Committee the authority to approve in advance (below specified limits) all audit or non-audit services to
be provided by the independent auditor if presented to the full Committee at the next regularly scheduled meeting. Meet with the independent auditor prior to the audit to review the planning and staffing of the audit including the responsibilities and staffing of the Company’s personnel who will assist in the audit. Review and discuss with the Company’s independent auditor (1) the auditor’s responsibilities under generally accepted auditing standards and the responsibilities of management in the audit process, (2) the overall audit strategy, (3) the scope and timing of the annual audit, (4) any significant risks identified during the auditor’s risk assessment procedures and (5) when completed, the results, including significant findings, of the annual audit.

16. Set policies for the Company’s hiring of employees or former employees of the independent auditor who participated in any capacity in the audit of the Company.

Oversight of the Company’s Internal Audit Function

17. Review the appointment, evaluation, and where appropriate, the termination of the Company’s senior internal auditing executive.

18. Review the activities and organizational structure of the internal auditing department and the significant reports to management prepared by the internal auditing department and management’s responses.

19. Discuss with the independent auditor and management the internal audit department’s responsibilities, budget, staffing performance, audit plan and any recommended changes in the planned scope of the internal audit department.

Compliance Oversight Responsibility

20. Obtain from the independent auditor assurance that Section 10A (b) of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934, as amended, has not been implicated.

21. Obtain reports from management and the Company’s senior internal auditing executive that the Company is in conformity with applicable legal requirements and the Company’s Code of Business Conduct. Advise the Board regarding potential transactions between the Company and any of its directors or officers, and review them under a standard that the terms of any such transaction be no less favorable to the Company than would be obtained from an unrelated party. Review disclosures required to be made under the securities laws of insider and affiliated party transactions. Advise the Board with respect to the Company’s policies and procedures regarding compliance with applicable laws and regulations and with the Company’s Code of Business Conduct.

22. Establish and maintain procedures for the receipt, retention and treatment of complaints received by the Company regarding accounting, internal controls or auditing matters. In addition, the Committee shall maintain a reporting hotline for the confidential, anonymous submission by employees of the Company of concerns regarding questionable accounting, internal controls or auditing matters.

23. Discuss with management and the independent auditor any correspondence with regulators or governmental agencies and any published reports that raise material issues regarding the Company’s financial statements or accounting policies.

24. Review at least annually legal matters with the Company’s General Counsel that may have a material impact on the financial statements, the Company’s compliance policies, including but not limited to the Foreign Corrupt Practices Act, and any material reports or inquiries received from regulators or governmental agencies.
Other

25. Report regularly to the Board with respect to any issues that arise with respect to the quality or integrity of the Company’s financial statements, the Company’s compliance with legal or regulatory requirements, the qualifications, performance and independence of the Company’s independent auditors or the performance of the internal audit function.

26. Review and reassess the adequacy of this Charter annually and recommend any proposed changes to the Board for approval. Revised charters should be disclosed periodically in accordance with applicable rules and regulations.

27. Perform an annual performance self-evaluation of the Committee and report findings to the Board.

As Reviewed and Approved September 14, 2020